Consolidated Financial Report March 31, 2015



Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Financial Statements	
Consolidated statements of financial position	3
Consolidated statement of activities	4
Consolidated statement of functional expenses	5
Consolidated statements of cash flows	6
Notes to consolidated financial statements	7-32
Supplementary Information	
Consolidating statement of financial position	33
Consolidating statement of activities	34



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors American Civil Liberties Union, Inc. New York, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of American Civil Liberties Union, Inc. (the Union) and consolidated entities (collectively, the American Civil Liberties Union or the ACLU), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of March 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Civil Liberties Union, Inc. and consolidated entities as of March 31, 2015, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 2, 5 and 11 to the consolidated financial statements, in 2015, the American Civil Liberties Union adopted new accounting guidance related to disclosures for investments that calculate net asset value per share or its equivalent, and the classification of sale proceeds of donated financial assets in the statement of cash flows for not-for-profit entities. Prior year disclosures and consolidated statements of cash flows have been revised to reflect the retrospective application of adopting this change in accounting.

Also, pursuant to the amended and restated American Civil Liberties Union Retirement Plan (the Pension Plan) document on January 1, 2015, as discussed in Note 11, the ACLU recognized \$34,559,117 of receivable from unconsolidated affiliates participating in the Pension Plan for contributions due on withdrawal or freezing of benefits by an employer.

Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the American Civil Liberties Union's 2014 consolidated financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated September 29, 2014. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended March 31, 2014 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited consolidated financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidating information is presented for purposes of additional analysis rather than to present the financial position and changes in net assets of the individual entities, and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The consolidating information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

New York, New York September 29, 2015

McGladrey LCP

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position March 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		_
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 22,476,148	\$ 15,456,502
Pledges and Contributions Receivable, Net	35,370,999	14,613,797
Investments	256,142,386	266,107,275
Other Assets	1,892,872	2,204,261
Due From Affiliates	11,366,276	12,696,766
Due From Affiliates - Allocated Share of Pension Liability	34,559,117	-
Beneficial Interest in Trusts	1,853,475	1,318,418
Land, Office Buildings, Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	28,738,908	29,715,549
Total assets	\$ 392,400,181	\$342,112,568
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to affiliates Liabilities under split-interest agreements IDA bond Bill of Rights Trust held for affiliates Accrued pension liability Total liabilities	\$ 6,126,728 8,539,231 13,615,080 14,735,000 28,363,158 56,244,657 127,623,854	\$ 6,453,498 9,009,462 12,280,815 15,230,000 27,432,839 34,055,796 104,462,410
Commitments and Contingency		
Net Assets Unrestricted: Board-designated Undesignated Total unrestricted	132,680,116 19,599,908 152,280,024	133,760,122 12,935,942 146,696,064
Temporarily restricted: Bill of Rights Trust and other endowments Other time and purpose restrictions Total temporarily restricted	17,801,954 52,411,827 70,213,781	17,090,961 33,101,418 50,192,379
Permanently restricted - Bill of Rights Trust and other endowments Total net assets	42,282,522	40,761,715 237,650,158
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 392,400,181	\$342,112,568

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statement of Activities

Year Ended March 31, 2015

(with summarized comparative information for the year ended March 31, 2014)

		2014			
		Temporarily	Permanently		
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total	Total
Support and Revenue					
Support:					
Current member contributions	\$ 20,010,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,010,203	\$ 21,432,755
New member contributions	4,645,744	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	4,645,744	4,109,954
Grants and contributions	39,545,045	50,422,299	343,481	90,310,825	50,158,364
Donated legal services	6,840,383	-	-	6,840,383	7,590,429
Bequests	12,728,277	967,504	1,177,326	14,873,107	16,233,433
Total support	83,769,652	51,389,803	1,520,807	136,680,262	99,524,935
Revenue:					
List rentals	101,217	-	-	101,217	95,490
Rental income	685,519	-	-	685,519	706,373
Pamphlet and book sales	6,161	-	-	6,161	2,923
Other income	19,901	-	-	19,901	94,337
Total revenue	812,798	-	-	812,798	899,123
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	34,608,235	(34,608,235)	-	-	
Total support and revenue	119,190,685	16,781,568	1,520,807	137,493,060	100,424,058
Expenses					
Program services:					
Legislative	11,549,409	-	-	11,549,409	4,914,841
Legal	36,972,769	-	-	36,972,769	42,447,151
Public education	24,751,747	-	-	24,751,747	27,355,361
Civil liberties policy formulation	835,900	-	-	835,900	937,926
Affiliate support	39,209,501	-	-	39,209,501	39,365,362
Total program services	113,319,326	-	-	113,319,326	115,020,641
Supporting services:					
Management and general	7,533,590	-	-	7,533,590	7,433,277
Fund-raising	12,704,014	-	-	12,704,014	10,970,315
Total supporting services	20,237,604	-	-	20,237,604	18,403,592
Total expenses	133,556,930	-	-	133,556,930	133,424,233
Change in net assets before					
other changes	(14,366,245)	16,781,568	1,520,807	3,936,130	(33,000,175)
Other Changes in Net Assets					
Legal expenses awarded, net	3,842,201	-	-	3,842,201	2,504,624
Net investment income, gains and losses Changes in value of	6,887,326	3,291,744	-	10,179,070	12,803,417
split-interest agreements	(2,324,958)	(51,910)	-	(2,376,868)	(865,909)
Recognition of affiliates' share of pension	04.550.447			04 550 447	
liability	34,559,117			34,559,117	-
Minimum pension liability adjustment	(23,013,481)		-	(23,013,481)	16,484,416
Total other changes in net assets	19,950,205	3,239,834	-	23,190,039	30,926,548
Change in net assets	5,583,960	20,021,402	1,520,807	27,126,169	(2,073,627)
Net Assets					
Beginning	146,696,064	50,192,379	40,761,715	237,650,158	239,723,785
Ending	\$152,280,024	\$70,213,781	\$42,282,522	\$ 264,776,327	\$237,650,158

American Civil Liberties Union, Inc. and Consolidated Entities
Consolidated Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended March 31, 2015
(with summarized comparative information for the year ended March 31, 2014)

2015

						2010					•
			Program	Services			Su	pporting Servi	ces	_	
	Legislative	Legal	Public Education	Civil Liberties Policy Formulation	Affiliate Support	Total Program Services	Managemen t and General	Fund-raising	Total Supporting Services	Total Expenses	2014 Summarized Comparative Information
Salaries	\$ 1,976,002	\$14,036,607	\$ 6,630,393	\$ 405,289	\$ 4,182,625	\$ 27,230,916	\$ 2,887,186	\$ 4,819,589	\$ 7,706,775	\$ 34,937,691	\$ 32,185,132
Employee benefits	636,640	4,272,343	2,017,673	72,952	1,163,211	8,162,819	1,090,891	1,437,203	2,528,094	10,690,913	12,290,890
Rent and occupancy	245,294	705,710	961,105	25,439	273,676	2,211,224	236,820	323,594	560,414	2,771,638	3,184,342
Books	82,390	215,247	100,741	1,484	27,959	427,821	9,769	59,427	69,196	497,017	479,867
Building depreciation	12,697	1,315,735	543,649	21,955	392,808	2,286,844	168,233	493,323	661,556	2,948,400	2,815,144
Equipment depreciation	8,273	606,199	217,218	6,985	138,785	977,460	54,529	162,887	217,416	1,194,876	894,993
Equipment rental and maintenand	80,303	497,329	226,625	3,661	124,489	932,407	74,175	158,876	233,051	1,165,458	594,481
Grants to affiliates	1,113,749	1,697,420	-	-	4,529,220	7,340,389	-	-	-	7,340,389	6,663,869
Shared portion of contributions	81,000	1,216,964	12,546	-	18,637,847	19,948,357	-	-	-	19,948,357	18,044,196
Shared portion of bequest	696,763	747,204	511,793	33,533	1,754,531	3,743,824	169,651	336,263	505,914	4,249,738	5,576,832
Meetings/conferences	41,669	57,401	60,519	15,212	172,104	346,905	62,747	127,409	190,156	537,061	320,605
Legal fees	255	-	13,332	19,107	106,499	139,193	195,987	30,894	226,881	366,074	447,274
Donated legal services	-	6,840,383	-	-	-	6,840,383	-	-	-	6,840,383	7,590,429
Accounting fees	-	-	-	10,547	63,281	73,828	167,108	-	167,108	240,936	272,446
Professional fund-raising services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,701,991	1,701,991	1,701,991	1,558,081
Other professional services	2,340,768	2,602,171	4,928,550	132,288	790,220	10,793,997	566,352	1,049,954	1,616,306	12,410,303	19,231,398
Interest expense	3,983	81,355	37,874	2,630	29,457	155,299	17,345	40,343	57,688	212,987	260,409
Postage and supplies	20,753	99,855	3,598,131	4,640	39,036	3,762,415	45,744	584,545	630,289	4,392,704	3,751,954
Publishing, printing and outreach	75,082	34,104	2,892,305	269	3,360	3,005,120	849	514,464	515,313	3,520,433	4,407,744
Special affiliate subsidies	-	-	-	-	6,099,350	6,099,350	-	-	-	6,099,350	6,025,028
Telephone	166,869	360,452	160,514	2,655	103,177	793,667	57,212	120,806	178,018	971,685	886,756
Telemarketing	-	-	887,661	-	-	887,661	-	310,592	310,592	1,198,253	1,436,437
Travel	209,472	1,094,639	274,245	59,641	247,750	1,885,747	208,047	248,246	456,293	2,342,040	2,223,307
Other grants and awards	3,702,000	398,000	-	-	-	4,100,000	-	-	-	4,100,000	272,064
Other expenses	55,447	93,651	676,873	17,613	330,116	1,173,700	1,520,945	183,608	1,704,553	2,878,253	2,010,555
Total - 2015	\$11,549,409	\$36,972,769	\$24,751,747	\$ 835,900	\$39,209,501	\$ 113,319,326	\$ 7,533,590	\$12,704,014	\$20,237,604	\$ 133,556,930	
Total - 2014	\$ 4,914,841	\$42,447,151	\$27,355,361	\$ 937,926	\$39,365,362	\$ 115,020,641	\$ 7,433,277	\$10,970,315	\$18,403,592		\$ 133,424,233

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 27,126,169	\$ (2,073,627)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash		
used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	4,143,276	3,710,137
Discount on pledges receivable	1,224,426	(105,033)
New beneficial interests in trusts	(513,916)	(781,855)
Changes in value of split-interest agreements	2,376,868	865,909
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments, net of		
adjustments for affiliate holdings	(3,835,923)	(6,586,864)
Minimum pension liability adjustment	23,013,481	(16,484,416)
Affiliates' allocated share of pension liability	(34,559,117)	-
Cash received on contributions restricted for endowment	(1,343,481)	(196,460)
Contributions subject to split-interest agreements	(485,634)	(615,749)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Due from/to affiliates	860,259	886,540
Pledges and contributions receivable	(21,981,628)	(544,611)
Other assets	311,389	(236,640)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(501,770)	784,332
Accrued pension liability	(824,620)	3,729,684
Bill of Rights Trust held for affiliates	320,785	880,345
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,669,436)	(16,768,308)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sale of investments	169,288,521	277,698,628
Purchase of investments	(154,703,175)	(255,233,948)
Purchase of office buildings, furniture, fixtures and office equipment	(3,166,635)	(2,797,610)
Net cash provided by investing activities	11,418,711	19,667,070
Het cash provided by investing activities	11,710,711	19,007,070
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Cash received on contributions restricted for endowment	1,343,481	196,460
Contributions subject to split-interest agreements	485,634	615,749
Payments on split-interest agreements	(1,588,778)	(1,688,734)
New annuities	525,034	752,739
Principal payments on IDA bonds	(495,000)	(480,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	270,371	(603,786)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	7,019,646	2,294,976
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Beginning	15,456,502	13,161,526
	•	
Ending	\$ 22,476,148	\$ 15,456,502
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Interest paid	\$ 212,987	\$ 260,409
Change in investments for Bill of Rights Trust held for affiliates	\$ 609,534	\$ 1,155,884
Amount payable for investment purchased at year-end	\$ 175,000	\$ -

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization

The American Civil Liberties Union, Inc. (the Union) and the American Civil Liberties Union Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation), collectively, the "American Civil Liberties Union" or the "ACLU," were established as nonprofit corporations to preserve and promote individual civil rights and civil liberties as guaranteed by the United States Constitution and the nation's civil rights laws. The Union and the Foundation are exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(4) and Section 501(c)(3), respectively, of the Internal Revenue Code.

The ACLU is affiliated with 50 nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations and has a presence in every state in the United States and in the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. All affiliates include reference to the "American Civil Liberties Union" or some variation thereof in their names (the affiliates). The affiliates also operate through related Section 501(c)(3) and Section 501(c)(4) organizations. The affiliates share the same overall mission and purpose as the ACLU, but their programs focus more on local or regional issues, while the ACLU's program activities are focused on overarching civil liberties issues and initiatives. Although the ACLU plays no direct role in the governance of and, except in very limited instances, does not share employees with, the affiliates, the organizations jointly fundraise and work together on certain programs and the ACLU, through either the Union or Foundation, as appropriate, at its sole discretion provides targeted financial and other support to the affiliates.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation: The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Principles of consolidation: The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts and activities of the Union, the Foundation and 915 15th Street, LLC (the LLC). Certain members of the board of directors of the Union comprise the board of directors of the Foundation. The LLC is a single-member limited liability company of which the Foundation is the sole member. All significant interorganizational accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accounts and activities of the affiliates are not included in these consolidated financial statements.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents: The ACLU considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents held temporarily in the investments portfolio are included in investments.

Investments and related income, gains and losses: Investments are reported at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position. The consolidated statement of activities include net investment income consisting of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized gains and losses. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Realized gains and losses on sale of investments are calculated on the basis of specific identification of the securities sold. Purchases and sales of securities are recognized on a trade-date basis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fair value measurements: Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, level inputs are defined as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the ACLU has the ability to access at the measurement date, and where transactions occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The types of investments in Level 1 generally include listed equities, mutual funds and exchange-traded funds.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Inputs include quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, markets in which there are few transactions, prices are not current, or prices vary substantially over time. Investments in this category generally include corporate debt, U.S. government debt, and less liquid securities such as securities traded on certain foreign exchanges, as well as alternative investments that can be redeemed in the near term. A significant adjustment to a Level 2 input could result in the Level 2 measurement becoming a Level 3 measurement.
- Level 3 Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability and that include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. The inputs into the determination of fair value are based upon the best information in the circumstances and may require significant management judgment or estimates. Investments in this category generally include equity and debt positions in private companies and real estate and ownership interests in alternative investments that cannot be redeemed in the near term.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the security. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

Fair value of financial instruments: The following methods and assumptions were used in estimating the fair values of significant financial instruments:

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> - The carrying amount approximates fair value because the instruments are liquid in nature and have short-term maturities.

Investments - The fair value is determined as described in Note 5.

<u>Pledges and contributions receivable</u> - The carrying amount is based on estimated present value of the anticipated cash inflows and allowances for doubtful accounts on contributions receivable if any and approximates fair value.

<u>Other assets, due to/from affiliates, and accounts payable and accrued</u> expenses - The carrying amounts approximate fair values because of the short-term nature of the instruments.

<u>Beneficial interest in trusts</u> - The carrying amount is based on estimated present value of the anticipated cash inflows and approximates fair value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Liabilities under split-interest agreements</u> - The carrying amount is based on estimated present value of the expected payments to beneficiaries and approximates fair value.

<u>Industrial Development Agency (IDA) bond</u> - The carrying amount approximates fair value because the interest rate is variable and reflects market conditions.

There have been no changes in the methodologies used for estimating fair values of significant financial instruments as of March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Concentration of market and credit risk: The ACLU's financial instruments that are potentially exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and investments.

Exposure to credit risk is reduced by the placement of such funds in high credit quality financial institutions and financial instruments. At March 31, 2015, the majority of the ACLU's money market accounts were in funds that invest in short-term direct government obligations, such as U.S. Treasury Bills, that are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

In order to control market risk, the ACLU has an investment committee that reviews and updates investment policy statements for the organization's various investment portfolios, oversees its investment portfolio and engages the services of investment advisors and managers to invest and manage the assets within the guidelines of the respective investment policy statements and perform ongoing due diligence and reporting. The ACLU monitors the market risk of its investment portfolio via ongoing review of asset allocation formulas and analysis of investment values as reported by investment custodians and managers.

The clearing and depository operations for the ACLU's portfolio of investments held in managed accounts are provided principally by two financial institutions that held approximately 98% of the total portfolio at March 31, 2015.

Office buildings, furniture, fixtures and office equipment: Office buildings, furniture, fixtures and office equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided for using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

Impairment of long-lived assets: The ACLU reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of any asset may not be recoverable and, if so, the carrying value is reduced to the estimated fair value.

Net assets: The ACLU reports information regarding its financial position and activities in three classes of net assets: unrestricted, temporarily restricted and permanently restricted. Unrestricted net assets consist of amounts that can be spent at the discretion of the ACLU and have no donor restrictions associated with them. A portion of unrestricted net assets has been designated by the board of directors for certain purposes. Temporarily restricted net assets consist of contributions that are restricted by donors for a specific time period and/or purpose. Permanently restricted net assets consist of endowment funds to be held in perpetuity.

Endowment: When the ACLU receives a contribution and the donor restricts the ACLU from spending the principal, the contribution is classified as an endowment, with the amount of the gift recorded as permanently restricted. The majority of the ACLU's endowment funds are held pursuant to the terms of the agreement for the establishment of the Bill of Rights Trust.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The ACLU is subject to the New York Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (NYPMIFA), and has interpreted NYPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. The remaining portion of the endowment fund that is not classified as permanently restricted net assets are classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the ACLU in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by NYPMIFA.

Contributions and related receivables: The ACLU reports contributions as unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions.

Unconditional promises to give are recorded as pledges and contributions receivable in the period the promise is received. Payments received in subsequent periods on unconditional promises to give, such as payments on multi-year gifts, are not recognized as revenue; rather, these are recorded as decreases in the corresponding pledges receivable balance. Pledges and contributions receivable due within one year are recorded at their net realizable value. Pledges and contributions receivable due in more than one year are recorded at the present value of their net realizable value, using applicable risk-adjusted interest rates to discount the amounts. Allowances for doubtful pledges and contributions receivable are provided by management based on the ACLU's experience with the donors and their ability to pay.

Contributions of cash and other assets are reported as temporarily restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Contributions that are to be maintained in perpetuity are recorded as permanently restricted support.

Contributions of noncash assets are recorded at fair value in the period received.

Certain contributions and bequests revenue are subject to revenue sharing agreements with affiliates. The ACLU's sharing rules specify the circumstances under which revenue shall be shared and the methodology for determining the specific portion of various categories of revenue that will be shared among the ACLU and the affiliates. Shared revenues are reported at gross amounts and the affiliates' share of the revenues are included as affiliate support expense in the consolidated statement of activities. The ACLU reports the affiliates' share of revenues as expenses when cash is received from the donor.

Donated services are reported as contributions at their fair value if such services create or enhance nonfinancial assets or would have been purchased if not provided by donation, require specialized skills, and are provided by individuals possessing such specialized skills.

Due to the nature of the ACLU's civil liberties litigation, in-kind professional legal services are from time to time provided on a pro bono basis by outside attorneys. These services are recorded as revenue and expenses at fair value based on the attorneys' records of time spent and applicable billing rates.

A number of individuals have made a contribution of their time to serve on the ACLU's board. The value of their contributed time is not reflected in these consolidated financial statements inasmuch as those services would not typically be purchased had they not been provided by donation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Bequests: The ACLU is a beneficiary under various wills and trust agreements, the total realizable amounts of which are not determinable at present. The ACLU's share of such bequests is recorded when the probate courts declare the testamentary instrument valid and the proceeds are measurable.

Donor concentration: Approximately 32% of the total grants, contributions and bequests revenue for the year ended March 31, 2015 were provided by three donors. In addition, approximately 82% of the gross pledges and contributions receivable at March 31, 2015 were due from these three donors.

Functional expenses: The cost of providing the various program and supporting services of the ACLU have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Certain costs and expenses have been allocated between program services and supporting services on a reasonable basis as determined by management.

In addition, certain expenses, predominantly salaries and employee benefits, are shared between the Union and the Foundation. Expenses paid by the Union and allocated to the Foundation during the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to \$8,137,164 and \$11,025,881, respectively.

Grants to affiliates: The ACLU recognizes grants to affiliates as expense when a formal agreement has been signed by both the ACLU and the affiliate, and any conditions set forth are met by the affiliate.

Legal awards: Pursuant to the Civil Rights Attorneys Fee Awards Act of 1976 and similar laws, legal fees and expenses may be awarded in certain legal actions. The amounts of these awards are the result of court determinations and/or negotiations between the parties to the matters. Management anticipates that the ACLU will be the recipient of legal awards of a substantial amount, but is unable to determine the amounts receivable with any degree of accuracy. Accordingly, the ACLU's accounting policy is to accrue an award only when, in management's judgment, the amount appears relatively certain of collection.

Defined benefit pension plan: The ACLU reports the funded status of, and discloses other information about, its sponsored defined benefit pension plan in accordance with FASB ASC 715, *Compensation - Retirement Benefits*.

Income taxes: The Union and the Foundation are not-for-profit organizations exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(4) and Section 501(c)(3), respectively, of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. Both the Union and the Foundation are subject to taxes on unrelated business income, as applicable. The LLC is treated as a disregarded (tax) entity.

The Union and the Foundation file tax and information returns with the Internal Revenue Service (the IRS) and with various states.

Management evaluated the Union's and the Foundation's tax positions and concluded that each organization had taken no uncertain tax positions that require additional adjustment or disclosure to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Generally, the Union and the Foundation are no longer subject to income tax examinations by U.S. federal, state or local tax authorities for tax years before 2011, which is the standard statute of limitations look-back period.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Prior-year summarized comparative information: The consolidated financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset or by functional expense classifications. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the ACLU's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2014, from which the summarized information was derived.

Reclassifications: Certain 2014 amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 2015 consolidated financial statement presentation. The reclassifications have no impact on the previously reported 2014 total consolidated assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses and changes in net assets of the ACLU.

Evaluation of subsequent events: The ACLU evaluates events occurring after the date of the financial statements to consider whether or not the impact of such events needs to be reflected and/or disclosed in the financial statements. Such evaluation is performed through the date the consolidated financial statements are issued, which is September 29, 2015.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements: In October 2012, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2012-04, *Technical Corrections and Improvements*. The amendments in this update cover a wide range of topics including technical corrections and improvements to the ASC and conforming amendments related to fair value measurements. The amendments in this update will generally be effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2013 for nonpublic entities, except for amendments in this update where there was no transition guidance and which were immediately effective upon issuance. The adoption of ASU 2012-04 did not have an impact on the 2015 consolidated financial statements of the ACLU.

In April 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-06, *Services Received from Personnel of an Affiliate*. The amendments in this update require a recipient not-for-profit entity to recognize all services received from personnel of an affiliate that directly benefit the recipient not-for-profit entity. The amendments in this update will generally be effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The impact of adopting ASU 2013-06 on the ACLU's consolidated financial statements for subsequent periods has not yet been determined.

In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-05, *Not-for-Profit Entities: Classification of the Sale Proceeds of Donated Financial Assets in the Statement of Cash Flows.* The amendment in this update require a not-for-profit entity to classify cash receipts from the sale of donated financial assets consistently with the cash donations in the statement of cash flows if those cash receipts were from the sale of donated financial assets that upon receipt were directed without any not-for-profit imposed limitations for sale and converted nearly immediately into cash. Accordingly, the cash receipts from the sale of those financial assets should be classified as cash inflows from operating activities, unless the donor restricted the use of the contributed resources to long-term purposes, in which case those cash receipts should be classified as cash flows from financing activities. Otherwise, cash receipts from the sale of donated financial assets should be classified as cash flows from investing activities by the not-for-profit entity. The ACLU adopted ASU 2012-05 in 2015 and, accordingly, reclassified the 2014 proceeds from sale of donated securities of \$5,518,587 from investing activities to operating activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2014.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-07 *Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent).* This ASU removes the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy investments for which fair values are measured at NAV using the practical expedient. The ASU also removes the requirement to make certain disclosures for all investments that are eligible to be measured at fair value using the NAV per share practical expedient. Although the investments are not categorized within the fair value hierarchy, a reporting entity shall provide the amount measured using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient to permit reconciliation of the fair value of investments included in the fair value hierarchy to the line items presented in the consolidated statement of financial position. The amendments in this update will generally be effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2016 for nonpublic entities. Early adoption is permitted and the ACLU has adopted ASU 2015-07 in 2015. The ACLU has applied the amendments retrospectively to all periods presented as required. Retrospective application in this case requires that investments valued using the NAV per share practical expedient be removed from the fair value hierarchy in all periods presented.

Note 3. Related Party Transactions

Amounts due from and to affiliates represent receivables and payables related to affiliate support and revenue sharing.

Amounts due to affiliates include the portion of contributions that are shared in accordance with the ACLU sharing rules and payments related to certain affiliate subsidy programs.

Amounts due from affiliates include income generated by the affiliates that is subject to the application of the ACLU sharing rules, and reimbursement to the ACLU for expenses paid by the ACLU on behalf of the affiliates, including contributions payable to the employee pension plan totaling \$3,307,015 and \$7,727,144 for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In fiscal year 2014, the ACLU made an additional contribution of \$4,200,000 to the employee pension plan and the plan purchased annuities on behalf of certain retirees. The balance owed by the affiliates for this contribution is \$492,157 and \$1,621,389 as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Also included in the amounts due from affiliates are notes receivable and accrued interest of \$230,609 at March 31, 2015 and \$302,404 at March 31, 2014 due from certain affiliates. The remaining notes matures between August 15, 2015 and June 30, 2021 and accrue interest at the prime rate.

Amounts due from affiliates – allocated share of pension liability of \$34,559,117 represent the estimated aggregate amount due from affiliates in connection with employer withdrawal liability provision stipulated in the amended and restated ACLU Retirement Plan effective January 1, 2015 (Note 11) in the event of withdrawal from the plan.

During each of the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Foundation received approximately \$252,000 from the New York Civil Liberties Union, Inc. and the New York Civil Liberties Union Foundation, Inc. in payments for the use of space occupied at the Foundation's offices at 125 Broad Street. These payments include charges for cleaning and other customary services.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 4. Pledges and Contributions Receivable

Pledges and contributions receivable which are expected to be collected after one year have been discounted to net present value at rates ranging from 2.71% to 3.52% and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements at their net realizable value.

Pledges and contributions receivable are comprised of the following at March 31:

	2015	2014
Receivable due within one year or less Receivable due in more than one year to five years Receivable due in over five years	\$ 19,178,725 15,613,920 2,000,000	\$ 13,031,917 1,779,100
Less discount to present value	36,792,645 (1,421,646)	14,811,017 (197,220)
	\$ 35,370,999	\$ 14,613,797

Management believes that pledges and contributions receivable will be collected in full when due. Accordingly, no provision for uncollectible pledges and contributions receivable is recognized in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Approximately \$10,000,000 of pledges receivable as of March 31, 2015 are subject to the ACLU's revenue-sharing rules with affiliates. The affiliates' share of these revenues will be recognized as expenses by the ACLU upon the receipt of cash from donors.

In addition to the contributions receivable noted above, a certain ACLU donor confirmed, in fiscal year 2011, his intentions to recommend annual contributions aggregating approximately \$10,000,000 over a period of two to eight years from donor-advised funds. These anticipated contributions have not been recognized in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as they do not meet the criteria for recognition of contributions revenue under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Through March 31, 2015, the ACLU has received \$7,000,000 in contributions (from donor-advised funds) towards this intention to support, of which \$1,000,000 was recognized as revenue for the year ended March 31, 2015.

As of March 31, 2015, the ACLU has received approximately \$34,000,000 of commitments to make matching grants and contributions that have not been recognized in these consolidated financial statements. Revenues on these grants and contributions will be recognized by the ACLU in future periods as the matching requirements are met.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5. Investments

The following tables present the ACLU's investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

			Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2015 Usi					015 Using
		Total		oted Prices in ctive Markets (Level 1)	Ō	ificant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Unol	gnificant oservable nputs evel 3)
Money market funds	\$	6,846,146	\$	6,846,146	\$	-	\$	-
Equities		18,406,308		18,406,308		-		-
Corporate Bonds (by S&P rating): AAA - A- BBB+ - B-		6,498,159 6,990,837		-		6,498,159 6,990,837		-
Total corporate bonds		13,488,996		-	1	3,488,996		
U.S. Treasury Notes, agency and related		4,505,709		-		4,505,709		-
Mutual Funds Large-cap U.S. equity Small-/mid-cap U.S. equity International equity Short-term bond Intermediate-term bond High-yield bond International fixed income Other bond Real estate and commodities Total mutual funds Common Trust Funds ⁽¹⁾ Large-cap U.S. equity Small-/mid-cap U.S. equity International equity Intermediate-term bond High-yield and other bonds Real estate and hard assets (commodities) Total common trust funds		26,773,416 6,600,072 35,212,187 26,294,170 18,691,956 12,444,544 1,928,666 8,118,672 5,410,193 141,473,876 3,892,218 1,576,488 3,596,604 1,574,001 1,920,866 728,707 13,288,884		26,773,416 6,600,072 35,212,187 26,294,170 18,691,956 12,444,544 1,928,666 8,118,672 5,410,193 41,473,876		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Exchange-Traded Funds Large-cap U.S. equity Small-/mid-cap U.S. equity International equity Short-term, long-term and intermediate-term bonds Real estate and hard assets (commodities) Total exchange-traded funds	_	12,457,431 7,889,867 2,468,359 5,354,300 6,290,208 34,460,165		12,457,431 7,889,867 2,468,359 5,354,300 6,290,208 34,460,165		- - - - -		- - - - -
Certificates of Deposit		3,115,051		-		3,115,051		-
Hedge Funds ⁽¹⁾	\$2	20,557,251	\$2	-	\$ 2	- 21,109,756	\$	<u> </u>
	_		_		-			

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5. Investments (Continued)

(********************************		Fair Value Maga	uromonto at Mara	21 2014 Hoing
		Fair value ivieas	urements at Marcl	
		Quoted Prices in	Significant Other Observable	Significant Unobservable
		Active Markets	Inputs	Inputs
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
	•	(/	(/	(/
Money market funds	\$ 19,350,533	\$ 19,350,533	\$ -	\$ -
Equities	16,777,295	16,777,295	-	-
Corporate Bonds (by S&P rating):	•			_
AAA - A-	14,307,824	-	14,307,824	-
BBB+ - B-	9,135,432	-	9,135,432	-
Total corporate bonds	23,443,256	-	23,443,256	-
U.S. Treasury Notes, agency and related	7,803,095	-	7,803,095	-
Mutual Funds				
Large-cap U.S. equity	25,321,844	25,321,844	-	-
Small-/mid-cap U.S. equity	6,679,833	6,679,833	-	-
International equity	31,280,182	31,280,182	=	-
Short-term bond	37,847,750	37,847,750	=	-
Intermediate-term bond	13,095,745	13,095,745	-	-
High-yield bond	22,204,116	22,204,116	=	-
International fixed income	3,927,396	3,927,396	=	-
Other bond	824,786	824,786	=	-
Real estate and commodities	5,245,675	5,245,675	-	-
Total mutual funds	146,427,327	146,427,327	-	-
Common Trust Funds ⁽¹⁾				
Large-cap U.S. equity	4,158,598	-	_	_
Small-/mid-cap U.S. equity	1,780,796	_	_	_
International equity	4,101,042	_	_	_
Intermediate-term bond	2,212,494	_	_	_
High-yield and other bonds	1,294,275	_	-	-
Real estate and hard assets (commodities)	873,537	_	-	-
Total common trust funds	14,420,742	-	=	_
Evolungo Traded Funds				
Exchange-Traded Funds	582,723	E00 700		
Large-cap U.S. equity Small-/mid-cap U.S. equity	,	582,723	=	-
International equity	6,692,529 2,489,062	6,692,529	-	-
Short-term, long-term and intermediate-term bonds	5,215,355	2,489,062	-	-
Real estate and hard assets (commodities)		5,215,355	-	-
Total exchange-traded funds	5,376,070 20,355,739	5,376,070 20,355,739	<u>-</u>	
	20,333,739	20,333,739		-
Structured Notes				
International fixed income	1,480,088	=	1,480,088	=
Hard assets (commodities)	1,049,200	-	1,049,200	-
Total structured notes	2,529,288	-	2,529,288	
Hedge Funds ⁽¹⁾	15,000,000	-		-
	\$266,107,275	\$202,910,894	\$ 33,775,639	\$ -

¹ In accordance with the guidance provided by FASB ASU 2015-07, Subtopic 820-10, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5. Investments (Continued)

The changes in investments in hedge funds measured at fair value using Level 3 inputs for the year ended March 31, 2014, is as follows:

	 ledge Funds
Balance, beginning of year Change in accounting principle - adoption of ASU 2015-07	\$ 15,000,000 (15,000,000)
Balance, end of year	\$ -
Change in unrealized appreciation of investments still held at end of year	\$ -

Below are the valuation techniques used by the ACLU to measure different financial instruments at fair value and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the financial instrument is categorized.

Equities, money market funds, and exchange-traded funds listed on a national securities exchange or reported on the Nasdaq global market are stated at the last reported sales or trade price on the day of valuation. These financial instruments are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

U.S. government debt, corporate bonds, structured notes, and certificates of deposits are valued based on the last reported bid price provided by broker-dealers, and are reported as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Investments in mutual funds are stated at fair value based on the last quoted evaluation price or net asset value. To the extent these securities are actively traded and valuation adjustments are not applied, they are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

Investments in common trust funds and hedge funds are valued at fair value based on the applicable percentage ownership of the underlying net assets on the measurement date. In determining fair value, the ACLU utilizes, as a practical expedient, the net asset value (or equivalent) provided by the fund managers ("NAV of funds"). The underlying common trust funds and hedge funds value securities and other financial instruments on a fair value. The estimated fair values of certain investments of the underlying common trust funds or hedge funds, which may include private placements and other securities for which prices are not readily available, are determined by the trustee of the common trust funds or sponsor of the hedge funds and may not reflect amounts that could be realized upon immediate sale, nor amounts that ultimately may be realized. Accordingly, the estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for these investments.

Investments that use the practical expedient are not classified within the fair value hierarchy.

The ACLU assesses the fair value hierarchy levels of the investments at each measurement date, and transfers between levels are recognized on the actual date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no significant transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 during fiscal 2015 or 2014.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5. Investments (Continued)

ACLU has the ability to redeem its investments in common trust funds on a daily or monthly basis. The objectives of the investments in common trust funds are to approximate as closely as practicable or to provide total investment returns that are in excess of the performance of the following benchmarks over time with certain risk parameters:

	Benchmark				
Large-cap U.S. Equity	S&P 500 Index				
Small-/mid-cap U.S. equity	Russell 2000 Index, S&P MidCap 400 Index				
International equity	MSCI EAFE Index, MSCI Emerging Markets				
Intermediate-term bond	Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, Barclays U.S. Intermediate Bond Index				
High-yield and other bonds	Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities Index, Barclays Corporate High Yield 2% Issuer Cap Index				
Real estate and hard assets (commodities)	Dow Jones U.S. Select REIT Index, Dow Jones-UBS Commodity Total Return Index				

The investment in hedge funds include two funds for which ACLU does not have the ability to redeem the investments on March 31, 2015 or in the near term, which is defined as 90 days or less from March 31, 2015. The investment objective of the hedge fund is to generate consistent capital appreciation over the long term, with relatively low volatility and a low correlation with traditional equity and fixed income markets. The ACLU has no unfunded commitments on these investments as of March 31, 2015.

The investments are held for the following purposes:

	2015	2014
Bill of Rights Trust, inclusive of endowments held in perpetuity of \$40,735,196 and \$39,396,715 at March 31, 2015 and		
2014, respectively (Note 9) Split-interest agreements (Note 7)	\$ 85,877,770 20,749,820	\$ 82,921,652 21,530,028
Other endowment, special projects, program support and operating reserves	149,514,796	161,655,595
	\$256,142,386	\$266,107,275

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5. Investments (Continued)

Net investment income, gains and losses reported in the accompanying consolidated statements of activities consist of the following:

	 2015	2014
Interest and dividends Net realized and unrealized gains	\$ 7,254,247	\$ 7,143,587
on investments	 4,445,457	7,742,748
	11,699,704	14,886,335
Adjustment for allocation to affiliates holding		
units in the Trust for the Bill of Rights	 (1,520,634)	(2,082,918)
Net investment income, gains and losses	\$ 10,179,070	\$ 12,803,417

Investment management and custodial fees amounted to approximately \$730,000 for 2015 and \$763,400 for 2014, and are included as other professional services in the consolidated statement of functional expenses.

Note 6. Land, Office Buildings, Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment

Land, office buildings, furniture, fixtures and office equipment consist of the following:

	2015	2014	Range of Estimated Useful Life
Land, office buildings and office condominium Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	\$ 51,101,848 7,402,766	\$ 48,958,001 6,379,978	10 to 50 years 3 to 15 years
Less accumulated depreciation	58,504,614 (29,765,706) \$ 28,738,908	55,337,979 (25,622,430) \$ 29,715,549	

Note 7. Split-Interest Agreements

The Foundation receives contributions through its charitable gift annuity program whereby in exchange for gifts of cash or securities, the Foundation promises to pay a fixed annual amount for life to the annuitant.

The difference between the fair value of the assets received and the present value of the future distributions to the annuitant is recognized as contribution revenue.

Upon the death of the annuitant, any balance of the amount in the split-interest account reverts to the Foundation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 7. Split-Interest Agreements (Continued)

The Foundation has received gifts under this program on which it is obligated to make annual annuity payments of approximately \$1,458,000 in accordance with the agreements.

In addition, the Foundation has 8 unitrust agreements, on which the income is paid to the donor for life. Upon the death of the donor, the balance in the trust account shall be distributed to the Foundation for its general purposes.

Assets and liabilities related to the Foundation's split-interest agreements are as follows:

	2015	2014
Assets - investments	\$ 20,749,820	\$ 21,530,028
Liabilities under split-interest agreements	13,615,080	12,280,815
	\$ 7,134,740	\$ 9,249,213

Asset balances at March 31, 2015 and 2014 exceeded the reserve requirements of the New York State Insurance Commission as well as the reserve requirements of the relevant regulatory bodies in all other states that require a reserve fund and in which the Foundation issues gift annuities. Reserves are included in liabilities under split-interest agreements on the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

The present value of obligations under split-interest agreements was calculated using interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 8.5% and the 1983A and 2000 Annuity Mortality Tables.

Beneficial interests in trusts (BITs) are recorded based on the present value of the estimated future receipts from the trusts, using discount rates ranging from 1.93% to 5%. These rates approximate the rates of return on the assets held in the trusts, and are commensurate with the risks that management associates with the ultimate collection of the trusts. The initial gift and any subsequent adjustments to the non-perpetual BITs' carrying value are recognized as temporarily restricted contributions. The temporary restriction relates to the extended time period over which the gift is expected to be received and may also include purpose restrictions to benefit specific Foundation programs.

Adjustments to reflect revaluations of the present value of estimated future payments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the consolidated statement of activities as changes in value of split-interest agreements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 8. IDA Bond Financing

In June 1997, the Foundation received financing of \$6,000,000 as a result of the New York City Industrial Development Agency's (IDA) issuance of bonds in that amount, which money was used to finance a portion of the cost of the acquisition, renovation, improvement, equipping and furnishing of its office building condominium units constituting the 17th and 18th floors of 125 Broad Street, New York, New York which units are collateral for the debt (the 1997 IDA bonds). On January 5, 2005, the 1997 IDA bonds were redeemed and new bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000 were issued by the IDA, the proceeds of which were delivered to the Foundation in order for the Foundation to pay for the redemption of the 1997 bonds, to purchase the 19th floor condominium unit and a proportional common interest in the land associated with the 17th, 18th and 19th floor condominium units at 125 Broad Street, New York, New York (together with the 17th and 18th floor condominium units, the Realty) and to finance renovation, improvements, equipping and furnishing of the 19th floor condominium unit (the Realty and all property financed with the 2005 IDA bonds are referred to herein as the Premises). The 2005 IDA bonds mature on June 1, 2035. In November 2011, the Foundation redeemed \$1,250,000 of IDA bonds.

Pursuant to the 2005 IDA bond agreements, an irrevocable direct pay letter of credit was established with a bank in order to secure payments of principal and interest on the 2005 IDA bonds on the scheduled due dates and on redemption, and to provide a facility for payment of the purchase price of the bonds upon the mandatory or optional tender thereof. Among other agreements, the Foundation also entered into a remarketing agreement with a certain financial institution to act as exclusive remarketing agent in connection with the offering and sale from time to time of the bonds in the secondary market after the initial offering, issuance and sale of the bonds.

Interest on the bonds is variable, is computed based on predetermined factors set forth in the 2005 IDA bond agreements, and may not exceed a maximum rate of 10% per annum. The letter of credit was amended March 1, 2010 to terminate on the earlier of January 4, 2013 or upon the occurrence of certain events set forth in the letter of credit agreement, including redemption of the 2005 IDA bonds. On July 1, 2013, the letter of credit was amended and restated to terminate on the earlier of July 4, 2016 or upon the occurrence of certain events set forth in the letter of credit agreement, including the redemption of the 2005 IDA bonds. On December 1, 2013, the letter of credit was amended for certain financial reporting requirements and covenants. Interest and other charges including letter of credit charges related to the 2005 IDA bonds were approximately \$213,000 and \$269,000 for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The letter of credit agreement, as amended and restated, includes various covenants which, among other matters, require the Foundation to maintain a specified level of unrestricted net assets, maintain a specified ratio of cash and cash equivalents to total commitment, and not incur any new indebtedness except as defined. The Foundation has agreed to various additional covenants and entered into various guarantees and pledges in connection with the issuance of the 2005 IDA bonds and the letter of credit. The Foundation is currently in compliance with these covenants.

In connection with the issuance of the 2005 IDA bonds, the Foundation entered into a lease agreement to lease the Premises to the IDA. Concurrently with the execution of the lease agreement, the IDA agreed to sell and assign its leasehold interest in the Premises to the Foundation on an installment basis as the Foundation makes payments due on the bonds. A failure by the Foundation to pay principal and interest as due under the terms of the 2005 IDA bonds and to pay amounts due under the letter of credit could lead to the Foundation being required to surrender the Premises.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 8. IDA Bond Financing (Continued)

Principal payments under the above obligation in each of the five years subsequent to March 31, 2015 and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ending March 31,		Amount	
2016	\$	515,000	
2017		530,000	
2018		555,000	
2019		575,000	
2020		595,000	
Thereafter		11,965,000	
	\$ ^	14,735,000	

Note 9. The Bill of Rights Trust and Other Endowments

In 1997, the Foundation and the Section 501(c)(3) arms of the affiliates (the Affiliate Foundations) established the Bill of Rights Trust (BORT). The purpose of BORT, a portion of which is an endowment fund of the Foundation, is to build an enduring endowment to carry out the work of the ACLU and its affiliates in protecting, preserving and expanding the civil liberties of all persons in the United States of America. BORT has 100,000,000 authorized units, which are issued to or among the Foundation and Affiliate Foundations based upon their respective interests in BORT. Unit shares have a unit value based upon the fair value of the net assets of BORT divided by the total number of unit shares outstanding. BORT permits for annual distributions to the Foundation and Affiliate Foundations in accordance with the Foundation's approved spending policy, prorated in accordance with the percentage of the fair value of each unit share. For the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, BORT allowed for a potential distribution amount equal to 4% of the average month-end value of total funds over the preceding 36 months through December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Each unit holder, including the Foundation and the participating Affiliate Foundations, must establish that it has determined the appropriation to be prudent before the distribution is disbursed. Actual distributions during the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to \$2,178,262 and \$2,080,570, respectively.

The investment goal of the endowment fund is to invest assets in a prudent manner that will balance reasonable annual distributions to the Foundation and Affiliate Foundations with long-term growth in the value of the assets of BORT.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 9. The Bill of Rights Trust and Other Endowments (Continued)

At March 31, 2015 and 2014, BORT comprised the following accounts and amounts that are included in the consolidated statements of financial position:

	2015	2014
Assets Investments	\$ 85,877,77	
Other assets	145,20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	\$ 86,022,97	<u>'4 \$ 83,059,095</u>
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Held for Affiliate Foundations	\$ 28,363,15	58 \$ 27,432,839
Temporarily restricted net assets	16,924,62	20 16,229,541
Permanently restricted net assets	40,735,19	96 39,396,715
	\$ 86,022,97	74 \$ 83,059,095

The endowment-related activities of the Foundation, which comprised principally of the endowment-related activities of BORT, are summarized below.

		2015		2014			
	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total	Temporarily Restricted			
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 17,090,961	\$ 40,761,715	\$ 57,852,676	\$ 15,226,487	\$ 40,565,255	\$ 55,791,742	
Investment return			0.40= 0=0				
Interest and dividends	2,195,073	-	2,195,073	2,024,850	-	2,024,850	
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments Investment fees and	1,010,228	-	1,010,228	1,992,603	-	1,992,603	
expenses	(244,616)	-	(244,616)	(155,596)	-	(155,596)	
Net investment return	2,960,685	-	2,960,685	3,861,857	-	3,861,857	
Other changes during the year							
Contributions	-	1,343,481	1,343,481	-	196,460	196,460	
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditures	(2,249,692)	-	(2,249,692)	(1,997,383)	_	(1,997,383)	
Total	(2,249,692)	1,343,481	(906,211)	(1,997,383)	196,460	(1,800,923)	
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 17,801,954	\$ 42,105,196	\$ 59,907,150	\$ 17,090,961	\$ 40,761,715	\$ 57,852,676	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10. Commitments and Contingency

The Foundation leases office space in various locations under various short-term operating leases.

The ACLU is currently in litigation with the insurers of 125 Broad Street offices in connection with the damages caused to the building by Hurricane Sandy in October 2012. The amounts recoverable cannot be determined at present.

The ACLU is involved in other legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Management is of the opinion that the ultimate outcome of these matters would not have a material adverse impact on the consolidated financial position of the ACLU or the consolidated results of its activities.

Note 11. Retirement Plans

American Civil Liberties Union Retirement Plan: The ACLU sponsors the American Civil Liberties Union Retirement Plan (the Pension Plan) which it accounted for as a single-employer plan. The Pension Plan covers eligible employees of the ACLU and its unconsolidated affiliates.

The Pension Plan is a defined benefit plan covering those employees who have at least one year of service, or at least 1,000 hours worked per year, and are at least 21 years of age. Benefits are based on service to date on an average of career earnings. The ACLU's policy is to fund pension costs by contributing at least the minimum amount required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). On January 1, 2015, the Pension Plan was amended and restated to include, among other things, a provision for additional contribution due on withdrawal or freezing of benefits by an employer. The liability attributed to the employer or former employer is determined based upon the sum of the present value of the accrued benefits for each of the participants associated with the employer or former employer determined as of the last day of the plan year preceding the date as of which the withdrawal contribution is calculated. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2015, the ACLU recognized a receivable of \$34,559,117 representing the allocated share of pension liability due from the affiliates participating in the Pension Plan (see Note 3).

Through June 30, 2014, all funds of the Pension Plan were held by Principal Financial Group Life Insurance Company (Principal) under a flexible pension investment contract administered by Principal. On July 1, 2014, JP Morgan Chase, NA assumed custody of the Plan's assets. The Plan pays the monthly payments from the Plan assets rather than by purchasing annuity contracts.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 11. Retirement Plans (Continued)

The following table sets forth the funded status of the ACLU Pension Plan, the change in funded status and amounts recognized in the accompanying consolidated financial statements:

	2015	2014
Change in Panafit Obligation		
Change in Benefit Obligation	¢ 104 104 E61	¢ 400 440 776
Obligation, beginning of year	\$ 104,104,561	\$ 122,443,776
Service cost	5,098,352	5,580,909
Interest cost	4,808,202	5,220,837
Actuarial (gain) loss	27,788,460	(6,382,325)
Benefit payments and expected expenses	(1,108,745)	(2,355,764)
Settlements		(20,402,872)
Obligation, end of year	140,690,830	104,104,561
Change in Plan Assets		
Fair value of Plan assets, beginning of year	70,048,765	75,633,248
Actual return on Plan assets	9,472,617	10,012,194
Employer contributions	6,206,752	8,773,803
Benefit payments and actual expenses	(1,281,961)	(2,319,094)
Settlements	-	(22,051,386)
Fair value of Plan assets, end of year	84,446,173	70,048,765
Funded status, end of year	\$ (56,244,657)	\$ (34,055,796)
Amounta Daggarized on Lightliting in the Connellidated		
Amounts Recognized as Liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	\$ (56,244,657)	\$ (34,055,796)
Amounts Recognized as Cumulative Changes in Pension Other than Net Periodic Costs Net loss	\$ (50,056,454)	\$ (27.042.672\
INELIOSS	\$ (50,056,154)	\$ (27,042,673)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Net periodic pension cost after settlements

Changes in Pension Costs Other than Net Periodic Cost

Note 11.	Retirement Plans (Continued)		
		 2015	2014
Compone	nts of Net Benefit Cost		
Compon	ents of net periodic pension cost:		
Service	e cost	\$ 5,098,352	\$ 5,580,909
Interes	st cost	4,808,202	5,220,837
Expect	ted return on Plan assets	(5,628,029)	(5,899,108)
Amorti	zation of net loss	 1,103,607	1,872,681
Net p	periodic pension cost	5,382,132	6,775,319
Settlen	nent loss	 -	5,728,168

Net (gain) loss 24,117,088 (8,883,567)Amortization of net loss (1,103,607)(7,600,849)Other than net periodic cost 23,013,481 (16,484,416)\$ 28,395,613 Net benefit cost (3,980,929)

5,382,132

12,503,487

The net periodic pension costs of \$5,382,132 and \$12,503,487 for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, comprises \$ 2,075,117 and \$4,776,343 which are recognized as expenses by the ACLU and \$3,307,015 and \$7,727,144 which are charged to the affiliates for net periodic pension costs associated with affiliates' employees participating in the Plan during 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 3).

The following table provides the weighted-average assumptions and certain other information:

	2015	2014
Weighted-average assumptions to determine benefit obligation as of March 31 Discount rate	3.86%	4.63%
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase	7.50% 4.00%	7.75% 5.00%
Weighted-average assumptions to determine net benefit cost for the year ended March 31 Discount rate	4.63%	4.39%
Expected long-term rate of return on Plan assets Rate of compensation increase	7.75% 5.00%	7.75% 5.00%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 11. Retirement Plans (Continued)

The mortality tables used were RP2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females projected with Scale MP2014 and Separate RP2000 Annuitants/Non-Annuitants Mortality Tables for Males and Females projected with Scale AA, for 2015 and 2014, respectively.

As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, the accumulated benefit obligation of the Pension Plan was \$121,927,620 and \$87,936,659, respectively.

The ACLU expects to contribute approximately \$6,300,000 to the Pension Plan during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2016 and may consider further contributions as well.

Estimated future benefit payments attributable to estimated future employee service in each of the five years subsequent to March 31, 2015 and in the aggregate subsequent to 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending March 31,

2016	\$ 2,559,499
2017	2,941,797
2018	3,454,647
2019	3,924,961
2020	4,372,825
Thereafter	27,436,344

An investment policy has been established that takes into consideration both the current and projected financial requirements of the Plan. On March 31, 2014, the responsibility for the investment management of the assets was under delegation to an Investment Manager, Principal Financial Advisors. The plan relied on a total return strategy in which investment returns are to be achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). In fiscal year 2015, the investment management of Plan assets was transitioned from Principal Financial Advisors to JP Morgan Investment Management to pursue a dynamic liability driven investment strategy that focuses on total return and volatility, while maintaining an acceptable level of risk and sufficient liquidity to meet benefit payment obligations on a timely basis. The ACLU is continuing to undertake a thorough review of the Plan with a focus on its overall economic health. All investments are chosen with prudence and due diligence by investment managers to ensure that results over time meet the goals and objectives of the Plan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 11. Retirement Plans (Continued)

The Plan's assets are comprised principally of investments in pooled commingled funds. The following tables set forth the fair value of the Plan's investments at March 31, 2015 and 2014, which is estimated using NAV (practical expedient) or its equivalent, and are not classified within the fair value hierarchy in accordance with FASB ASU 2015-07.

			201	5		
	%		Unfund	ded	Redemption	Redemption
	Allocation	Fair Value	Commit	ment	Frequency	Notice Period
						_
Pooled Commingled Funds -						
Separate Accounts						
Equities:						
Large-cap U.S. equity	32%	\$ 26,997,895	\$	-	Daily	None
Small-cap U.S. equities	7%	5,826,593		-	Daily	None
REITs	2%	2,106,735		-	Daily	None
International equities	17%	13,916,963		-	Daily	None
Fixed Income:					Daily	None
US investment grade	21%	17,787,722		-	Daily	None
High-yield	7%	5,963,441		-	Daily	None
Emerging market debt	5%	4,262,490		-	Daily	None
Real Estate:					Daily	None
Strategic property	6%	4,936,628		-	Daily	None
Cash	3%	2,647,706	N/A		N/A	N/A
	100%	\$ 84,446,173	\$	-		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 11. Retirement Plans (Continued)

	2014						
	%		Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption		
	Allocation	Fair Value	Commitment	Frequency	Notice Period		
Pooled Commingled Funds -							
Separate Accounts							
Equities:							
Large-cap U.S. equity	35%	\$ 24,471,345	\$ -	Daily	None		
equities	9%	6,141,911	-	Daily	None		
International equity	15%	10,191,394	-	Daily	None		
Real Estate:				Daily	None		
Real estate securities	2%	1,601,132	-	Daily	None		
Direct-owned U.S.							
commercial							
properties (a)	6%	4,214,678	-	Daily	None		
Fixed Income:				Daily	None		
High-yield bonds	3%	2,414,681	-	Daily	None		
Intermediate-term bonds	25%	17,393,263	-	Daily	None		
Inflation-protected bonds	5%	3,620,361	-	Daily	None		
·	100%	\$ 70,048,765	\$ -	-			

(a) This category consists of real estate investment options that seek favorable long-term returns primarily through rental income and appreciation of real estate investments owned by the account. The account purchases direct ownership interests in income-producing real estate, such as office, industrial, retail and multi-family residential properties. It may also hold other real estate or real estate related investments through joint ventures, real estate partnerships or real estate investment trusts. Redemption or withdrawal of funds is determined based on whether the account has sufficient liquidity available to make distributions.

The pooled commingled funds - separate accounts are valued at the net asset value of the underlying investments as provided by the investment manager. The pooled separate accounts invest in domestic and foreign stocks, bonds, mutual funds and real estate. The fair values of the majority of these stocks, bonds and mutual funds are publicly quoted and are used in determining the net asset value of the pooled separate accounts, which are not publicly quoted. The fair value of the real estate fund is based on the value of the underlying real estate using discounted cash flow models that utilize public real estate market data inputs such as transaction prices, market rents, vacancy levels, leasing absorption, market cap rates and discount rates.

There have been no changes in the methodologies used at March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 11. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Following is a summary of changes in the fair value of the Plan's Level 3 assets for the year ended March 31, 2014:

Balance, beginning of year	\$4,214,678
Change in accounting principle - adoption of ASU 2015-07	(4,214,678)
Balance, end of year	\$ -

The ACLU implemented a "soft freeze" of the Pension Plan effective March 31, 2009. Employees hired on or after April 1, 2009 by ACLU and the 46 affiliates that elected to participate in the soft freeze do not participate in the plan (employees who already are plan participants are not impacted by the election to institute a soft freeze). Two affiliates that had not originally elected to participate in the soft freeze subsequently elected to do so, meaning that only two affiliates – Illinois and Louisiana, continue to admit new employees into the plan. Employees of ACLU National and affiliates who are not admitted into the plan instead are enrolled in a new Defined Contribution (DC) 401(k) plan. The new DC plan includes an employer contribution of 2% and an employer match of 100% of the first 1% of the employee's contribution and 50% of the next 5% of an employee's contribution, for a total match of 3.5% and a total employer contribution of 5.5%. The soft freeze applies only to employees hired on or after April 1, 2009, or those who do not work for the Illinois or the Louisiana affiliates, and does not affect current plan participants. Employer contributions to the DC plan during the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$724,683 and \$608,154 respectively.

Eligible ACLU employees who are participants in the pension plan may also participate in the ACLU 401(k) plan (the 401(k) Plan), which is a 401(k) salary-reduction plan. Under the 401(k) Plan, employees may voluntarily contribute up to 80% of their pre-tax compensation to the 401(k) Plan subject to IRS dollar limits. There is no employer match or other contributions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 12. Net Assets

Net assets comprise the following:

	2015	2014		
Unrestricted				
Undesignated	\$ 19,599,908	\$ 12,935,942		
Board-designated:				
Litigation Fund	8,073,468	8,923,181		
California Annuity Fund	2,187,223	891,760		
Annuity Reserve	4,351,806	7,252,404		
Organizational Fund	22,985,742	22,886,963		
Jacobs Affiliate Development Fund	13,040,006	14,727,379		
Dividend Distribution Fund	72,337,133	68,894,869		
John Adams Fund	9,704,738	10,183,566		
Total board-designated	132,680,116	133,760,122		
Total unrestricted	152,280,024	146,696,064		
Temporarily Restricted				
Bill of Rights Trust and other endowments	17,801,954	17,090,961		
Trusts	2,989,852	2,423,554		
Other time and purpose restrictions	49,421,975	30,677,864		
Total temporarily restricted	70,213,781	50,192,379		
Permanently Restricted - Bill of Rights Trust and				
other endowments	42,282,522	40,761,715		
	\$ 264,776,327	\$ 237,650,158		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 13. Net Assets Released From Restrictions

Net assets were released from donor restrictions during the year ended March 31, 2015 by incurring expenses satisfying restricted purposes or by the occurrence of other events specified by donors as follows:

Special Projects	
Speech, Privacy and Technology and National Security	\$ 1,329,209
Prisoners' Rights and Smart Justice	6,047,701
Immigrants' Rights	2,936,253
Reproductive Freedom	4,195,554
Women's Rights	233,660
Criminal Law Reform	564,674
LGBT/Marriage Equality	4,227,050
Voting Rights	2,037,561
Racial Justice	572,806
Other special projects	6,998,141
Total special projects	29,142,609
Bill of Rights Trust and other endowments	2,494,308
Time-restricted gifts	2,971,318
Total released from restrictions	\$34,608,235

Consolidating Statement of Financial Position March 31, 2015

	American Civil Liberties Union, Inc.	American Civil Liberties Union Foundation, Inc.	915 15th Street, LLC	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,489,964	\$ 14,817,699	\$ 168,485	\$ -	\$ 22,476,148
Pledges and Contributions Receivable, Net	11,449,459	23,921,540	-	-	35,370,999
Investments	3,730,715	252,411,671	-	-	256,142,386
Other Assets	1,014,149	1,118,359	10,364	(250,000)	1,892,872
Due From Affiliates	6,806,510	4,559,766	_		11,366,276
Due From Affiliates - Allocated Share of Pension Liability	34,559,117	-	-	-	34,559,117
Due from ACLU Foundation - Allocated Share of Pension Liability					
	13,840,974	-	-	(13,840,974)	-
Due to the ACLU from the ACLU Foundation	4,904,044	-	-	(4,904,044)	-
Due to the ACLU Foundation From the LLC	-	9,218,895	-	(9,218,895)	-
Investment in 915 15th Street, LLC	_	(1,171,255)	_	1,171,255	-
Beneficial Interest in Trusts	_	1,853,475	_	-	1,853,475
Land, Office Buildings, Furniture, Fixtures		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			1,000,
and Office Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		20,796,007	7,942,901	-	28,738,908
Total assets	\$ 83,794,932	\$327,526,157	\$ 8,121,750	\$ (27,042,658)	\$ 392,400,181
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,736,203	\$ 3,566,415	\$ 74,110	\$ (250,000)	\$ 6,126,728
Due from the LLC to the ACLU Foundation	-	-	9,218,895	(9,218,895)	-
Due to the American Civil Liberties Union, Inc. Due to the American Civil Liberties Union, Inc.	-	4,904,044	-	(4,904,044)	-
- Allocated Share of Pension Liability	-	13,840,974		(13,840,974)	-
Due to affiliates	1,771,618	6,767,613	-	-	8,539,231
Liabilities under split-interest agreements	-	13,615,080	-	-	13,615,080
IDA bond Bill of Rights Trust held for affiliates	-	14,735,000 28,363,158	-	-	14,735,000 28,363,158
Accrued pension liability	56,244,657	20,303,130	-	_	56,244,657
Total liabilities	60,752,478	85,792,284	9,293,005	(28,213,913)	127,623,854
Commitments and Contingency					
Net Assets					
Unrestricted:					
Board-designated	12,322,037	120,358,079	-	-	132,680,116
Undesignated	(2,469,176)	22,069,084	(1,171,255)	1,171,255	19,599,908
Total unrestricted	9,852,861	142,427,163	(1,171,255)	1,171,255	152,280,024
Temporarily restricted: Bill of Rights Trust and other endowments		17,801,954			17,801,954
Other time and purpose restrictions	13,189,593	39,222,234	-	-	52,411,827
Total temporarily restricted	13,189,593	57,024,188			70,213,781
Permanently restricted - Bill of Rights Trust					
and other endowments	-	42,282,522	-		42,282,522
Total net assets	23,042,454	241,733,873	(1,171,255)	1,171,255	264,776,327
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 83,794,932	\$327,526,157	\$ 8,121,750	\$ (27,042,658)	\$ 392,400,181

Consolidating Statement of Activities Year Ended March 31, 2015

								915 15th Street,					
	American Civil Liberties Union, Inc.		American Civil Liberties Union Foundation, Inc.			LLC				olidated			
	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Eliminations	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Support and Revenue													
Support:													
Current member contributions	\$ 20,010,203	\$ -	\$ 20,010,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,010,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,010,203
New member contributions	4,645,744	-	4,645,744	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,645,744	-	-	4,645,744
Grants and contributions	2,378,245	18,151,334	20,529,579	37,416,800	32,270,965	343,481	70,031,246	-	(250,000)	39,545,045	50,422,299	343,481	90,310,825
Donated legal services	-	-	-	6,840,383	-	-	6,840,383	-	- 1	6,840,383	-	-	6,840,383
Bequests	5,182,660	140,268	5,322,928	7,545,617	827,236	1,177,326	9,550,179	-	-	12,728,277	967,504	1,177,326	14,873,107
Total support	32,216,852	18,291,602	50,508,454	51,802,800	33,098,201	1,520,807	86,421,808	-	(250,000)	83,769,652	51,389,803	1,520,807	136,680,262
Revenue:													
List rentals	101,217	-	101,217	-	-	-	-	-	-	101,217	-	-	101,217
Rental income	-	-	-	857,727	-	-	857,727	829,723	(1,001,931)	685,519	-	-	685,519
Pamphlet and book sales	-	-	-	6,161	-	-	6,161	-	- 1	6,161	-	-	6,161
Other income	619	-	619	19,282	-	-	19,282	-	-	19,901	-	-	19,901
Total revenue	101,836	-	101,836	883,170		-	883,170	829,723	(1,001,931)	812,798	-	-	812,798
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	8,464,919	(8,464,919)	-	26,143,316	(26,143,316)	-		-	-	34,608,235	(34,608,235)	-	-
Total support and revenue	40,783,607	9,826,683	50,610,290	78,829,286	6,954,885	1,520,807	87,304,978	829,723	(1,251,931)	119,190,685	16,781,568	1,520,807	137,493,060
Expenses													
Program services:													
Legislative	11,250,799	-	11,250,799	565,371	-	-	565,371	-	(266,761)	11,549,409	-	-	11,549,409
Legal	15,678	-	15,678	37,524,811	-	-	37,524,811		(567,720)	36,972,769			36,972,769
Public education	12,597,221	_	12,597,221	12,325,331	_	_	12,325,331		(170,805)	24,751,747	-		24,751,747
Civil liberties policy formulation	334,700	_	334,700	512,396	_	_	512,396		(11,196)	835,900	-		835,900
Affiliate support	10,630,628	_	10,630,628	28,617,006	_	_	28,617,006		(38,133)	39,209,501	-		39,209,501
Total program services	34,829,026	-	34,829,026	79,544,915	-	-	79,544,915	-	(1,054,615)	113,319,326	-	-	113,319,326
Supporting services:													
Management and general	2,426,158	-	2,426,158	4,226,584	-	-	4,226,584	965,993	(85,145)	7,533,590	-	-	7,533,590
Fund-raising	4,719,747	_	4,719,747	8,096,438	_	_	8,096,438		(112,171)	12,704,014	-		12,704,014
Total supporting services	7,145,905	-	7,145,905	12,323,022	-	-	12,323,022	965,993	(197,316)	20,237,604	-	-	20,237,604
Total expenses	41,974,931		41,974,931	91,867,937	-	-	91,867,937	965,993	(1,251,931)	133,556,930	-	-	133,556,930
Change in net assets before	,												
other changes	(1,191,324)	9,826,683	8,635,359	(13,038,651)	6,954,885	1,520,807	(4,562,959)	(136,270)	-	(14,366,245)	16,781,568	1,520,807	3,936,130
Other Changes in Net Assets													
Legal expenses awarded, net	-	-	-	3,842,201		-	3,842,201	-	-	3,842,201	-	-	3,842,201
Net investment income, gains and losses	(1,263)	-	(1,263)	6,888,589	3,291,744	-	10,180,333	-	-	6,887,326	3,291,744	-	10,179,070
Changes in value of split-interest agreements		-	- 1	(2,324,958)	(51,910)	-	(2,376,868)	-	-	(2,324,958)	(51,910)	-	(2,376,868)
Net loss on investment in													
915 15th Street, LLC	-	-	-	(136,270)	-	-	(136,270)	-	136,270	-	-	-	-
Recognition of affiliates share of pension													
liability	48,400,091		48,400,091	(13,840,974)			(13,840,974)		-	34,559,117	-	-	34,559,117
Minimum pension liability adjustment	(23,013,481)	-	(23,013,481)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,013,481)	-	-	(23,013,481)
Total other changes in net assets	25,385,347	-	25,385,347	(5,571,412)	3,239,834		(2,331,578)	-	136,270	19,950,205	3,239,834	-	23,190,039
Change in net assets	24,194,023	9,826,683	34,020,706	(18,610,063)	10,194,719	1,520,807	(6,894,537)	(136,270)	136,270	5,583,960	20,021,402	1,520,807	27,126,169
Net Assets													
Beginning	(14,341,162)	3,362,910	(10,978,252)	161,037,226	46,829,469	40,761,715	248,628,410	(1,034,985)	1,034,985	146,696,064	50,192,379	40,761,715	237,650,158
Ending	\$ 9,852,861	\$ 13,189,593	\$ 23,042,454	\$ 142,427,163	\$ 57,024,188	\$ 42,282,522	\$ 241,733,873	\$ (1,171,255)	\$ 1,171,255	\$ 152,280,024	\$ 70,213,781	\$ 42,282,522	\$ 264,776,327